



<b>TABLE 2: <i>blastp</i> search results for the protein sequences of the genomic neighborhood of the target gene in the target species against the <i>D. melanogaster</i> reference protein database (refseq_protein)</b>							
		2 <sup>nd</sup> Closest Upstream	Closest Upstream	Nested <sup>1</sup> Gene	Target Gene	Closest Downstream	2 <sup>nd</sup> Closest Downstream
<i>D. melanogaster</i>	Gene Symbol						
	Strand (+/-)						
Target Species	NCBI RefSeq Gene (mRNA) Accession						
	NCBI RefSeq Protein Accession						
	Strand (+/-)						
Best <i>blastp</i> Result	Accession						
	<i>D. melanogaster</i> Gene Symbol <sup>2</sup>						
	E-Value						
	Percent Identity						
Are the genes in the two species orthologs? (yes/no)							

<sup>1</sup> Leave column blank if target gene is not nested within another gene or another gene is not nested within your target gene.

<sup>2</sup> If the *D. melanogaster* gene symbol of the best match is not provided in the "Description" column of the *blastp* results, you can identify it by clicking on the Accession Number (listed in the "Accession" column). In the new internet browser window that opens, scroll to the "FEATURES" section near the bottom. Next to the "CDS" feature you'll see the gene symbol listed after "/gene=".





<b>TABLE 5: Gene Model for [insert isoform name here] in target species</b>						
<b>CDS</b>	<b>FlyBase ID</b>	<b>Frame</b>	<b>Splice Acceptor Phase</b>	<b>Coordinates</b>		<b>Splice Donor Phase</b>
				<b>Start</b>	<b>End</b>	
			0			